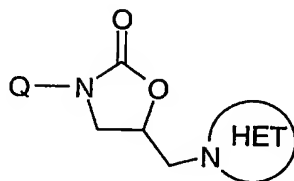


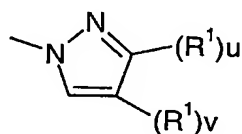
Claims

1. A compound of the formula (I), or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt, or an in-vivo-hydrolysable ester thereof,

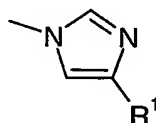


(I)

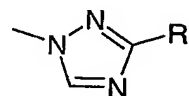
10 wherein -N-HET is selected from the structures (Ia) to (If) below :-



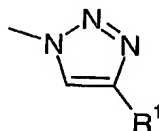
(Ia)



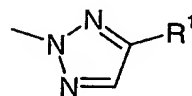
(Ib)



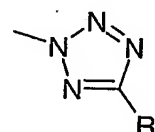
(Ic)



(Id)



(Ie)



(If)

wherein u and v are independently 0 or 1;

15 R¹ is (1-4C)alkyl;

or R¹ is selected from a substituent from the group

(R¹a) wherein R¹ is halogen, hydroxy, (1-4C)alkoxy, (2-4C)alkenyloxy, (2-4C)alkenyl, (2-4C)alkynyl (optionally substituted on the terminal carbon by CH₂=CH-, di(1-4C)alkylamino, AR2, AR2a or AR2b, wherein AR2, AR2a and AR2b are defined

20 hereinbelow), (3-6C)cycloalkyl, (3-6C)cycloalkenyl, amino, (1-4C)alkylamino, di-(1-4C)alkylamino, (2-4C)alkenylamino, (1-4C)alkyl-S(O)q- (wherein q is 0, 1 or 2), (1-4C)alkylcarbonylamino, ;

or R¹ is selected from the group

(R¹b) wherein R¹ is a (1-4C)alkyl group which is substituted by one substituent selected

from hydroxy, halo, (1-4C)alkoxy, amino, (1-4C)alkylamino, di(1-4C)alkylamino, cyano, azido, (2-4C)alkenyloxy, (1-4C)alkyl-S(O)<sub>q</sub>- (wherein q is 0, 1 or 2), AR1-S(O)<sub>q</sub>- (wherein q is 0, 1 or 2 and AR1 is defined hereinbelow), AR2-S(O)<sub>q</sub>- (wherein q is 0, 1 or 2), AR2a-S(O)<sub>q</sub>- (wherein q is 0, 1 or 2), benzyl-S(O)<sub>q</sub>- (wherein q is 0, 1 or 2), (3-6C)cycloalkyl, (3-6C)cycloalkenyl, (1-4C)alkyl-OCO-NH-, (1-4C)alkyl-NHCO-O-, (1-4C)alkylaminocarbonyl, di(1-4C)alkylaminocarbonyl, H<sub>2</sub>NC(=NH)S-;

or R<sup>1</sup> is selected from a group of formula (R<sup>1c1</sup>) :-

(R<sup>1c1</sup>) a fully saturated 4-membered monocyclic ring containing 1 or 2 heteroatoms independently selected from O, N and S (optionally oxidised), and linked via a ring nitrogen

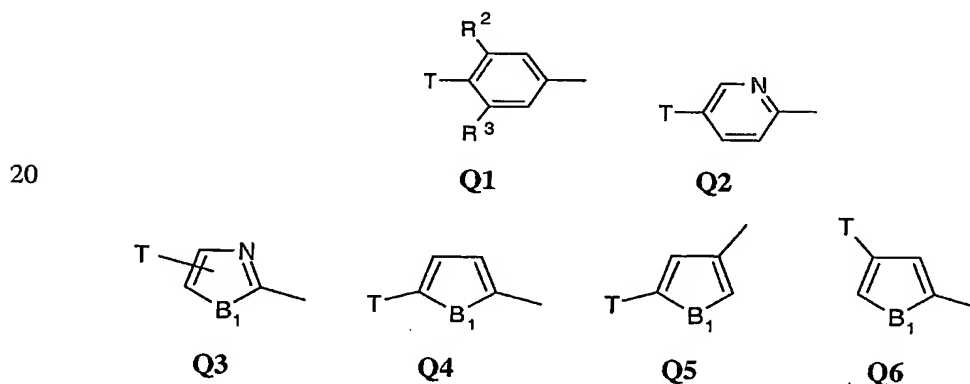
or carbon atom; or

or R<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group

(R<sup>1d</sup>) cyano, nitro, azido, formyl, (1-4C)alkylcarbonyl, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, H<sub>2</sub>NC(O)-, (1-4C)alkylNHC(O)-;

and wherein at each occurrence of an R<sup>1</sup> substituent containing an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl moiety in (R<sup>1a</sup>), (R<sup>1b</sup>) or (R<sup>1c1</sup>) each such moiety is optionally further substituted on an available carbon atom with one, two, three or more substituents independently selected from F, Cl Br, OH and CN;

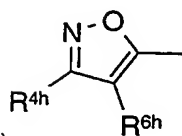
Q is selected from Q1 to Q6 :-



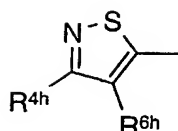
R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> are independently selected from H, F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, OMe, SMe, Me and Et;

wherein B<sub>1</sub> is O or S;

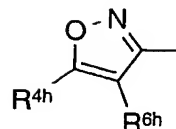
25 wherein T is selected from the groups in (TAa1) to (TAa12):



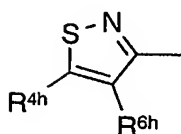
(TAa1)



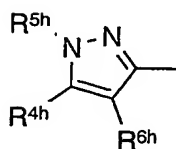
(TAa2)



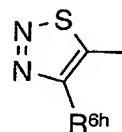
(TAa3)



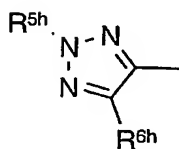
(TAa4)



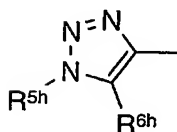
(TAa5)



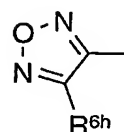
(TAa6)



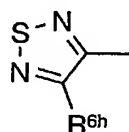
(TAa7)



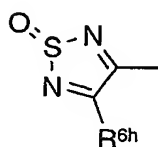
(TAa8)



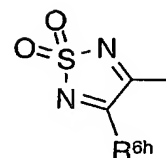
(TAa9)



(TAa10)



(TAa11)



(TAa12)

wherein :

R<sup>6h</sup> is selected from hydrogen, (1-4C)alkyl, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, (1-4C)alkanoyl, carbamoyl and cyano;

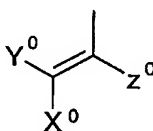
- 15 R<sup>4h</sup> and R<sup>5h</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, halo, trifluoromethyl, cyano, nitro, (1-4C)alkoxy, (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>q</sub>- (q is 0, 1 or 2), (1-4C)alkanoyl, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, benzyloxy-(1-4C)alkyl, (2-4C)alkanoylamino, -CONRcRv and -NRcRv wherein any (1-4C)alkyl group contained in the preceding values for R<sup>4h</sup> and R<sup>5h</sup> is optionally substituted by up to three substituents independently selected from hydroxy (not on C1 of an alkoxy group, and excluding geminal disubstitution), oxo, trifluoromethyl, cyano, nitro, (1-4C)alkoxy, (2-4C)alkanoyloxy, hydroxyimino, (1-4C)alkoxyimino, (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>q</sub>- (q is 0, 1 or 2), (1-4C)alkylSO<sub>2</sub>-NRv-, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, -CONRcRv, and -NRcRv (not on C1 of an
- 20

alkoxy group, and excluding geminal disubstitution); wherein R<sub>v</sub> is hydrogen or (1-4C)alkyl and R<sub>c</sub> is as hereinafter defined;

- R<sup>4h</sup> and R<sup>5h</sup> may further be independently selected from (1-4C)alkyl {optionally substituted by one, two or three substituents independently selected from hydroxy (excluding geminal  
5 disubstitution), oxo, trifluoromethyl, cyano, nitro, (1-4C)alkoxy, (2-4C)alkanoyloxy, phosphoryl [-O-P(O)(OH)<sub>2</sub>, and mono- and di-(1-4C)alkoxy derivatives thereof], phosphiryl [-O-P(OH)<sub>2</sub> and mono- and di-(1-4C)alkoxy derivatives thereof], hydroxyimino, (1-4C)alkoxyimino, (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>q</sub>- (q is 0, 1 or 2), (1-4C)alkylSO<sub>2</sub>-NR<sub>v</sub>-, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, -CONR<sub>c</sub>R<sub>v</sub>, -NR<sub>c</sub>R<sub>v</sub> (excluding geminal disubstitution), OR<sub>c</sub>, and  
10 phenyl (optionally substituted by one, two or three substituents independently selected from (1-4C)alkyl, (1-4C)alkoxy and halo)}; wherein R<sub>v</sub> is hydrogen or (1-4C)alkyl and R<sub>c</sub> is as hereinafter defined; and wherein
- any (1-4C)alkyl group contained in the immediately preceding optional substituents (when R<sup>4h</sup> and R<sup>5h</sup> are independently (1-4C)alkyl) is itself optionally substituted by up to three  
15 substituents independently selected from hydroxy (not on C1 of an alkoxy group, and excluding geminal disubstitution), oxo, trifluoromethyl, cyano, nitro, (1-4C)alkoxy, (2-4C)alkanoyloxy, hydroxyimino, (1-4C)alkoxyimino, (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>q</sub>- (q is 0, 1 or 2), (1-4C)alkylSO<sub>2</sub>-NR<sub>v</sub>-, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, -CONR<sub>c</sub>R<sub>v</sub>, and -NR<sub>c</sub>R<sub>v</sub> (not on C1 of an alkoxy group, and excluding geminal disubstitution); wherein R<sub>v</sub> is hydrogen or (1-4C)alkyl  
20 and R<sub>c</sub> is as hereinafter defined;

or R<sup>4h</sup> is selected from one of the groups in (TAaa) to (TAab) below, or (where appropriate) one of R<sup>4h</sup> and R<sup>5h</sup> is selected from the above list of R<sup>4h</sup> and R<sup>5h</sup> values, and the other is selected from one of the groups in (TAaa) to (TAab) below :-

(TAaa) a group of the formula (TAaa1)



(TAaa1)

wherein Z<sup>0</sup> is hydrogen or (1-4C)alkyl;

X<sup>0</sup> and Y<sup>0</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, (1-4C)alkyl, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, halo, cyano, nitro, (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>q</sub>- (q is 0, 1 or 2), R<sub>v</sub>R<sub>w</sub>NSO<sub>2</sub>-, trifluoromethyl,

pentafluoroethyl, (1-4C)alkanoyl and -CONRvRw [wherein Rv is hydrogen or (1-4C)alkyl; Rw is hydrogen or (1-4C)alkyl];

(*TAab*) an acetylene of the formula  $\equiv\text{H}$  or  $\equiv\text{-(1-4C)alkyl}$ ;

wherein Rc is selected from groups (Rc1) to (Rc2) :-

- 5 (*Rc1*) (1-6C)alkyl {optionally substituted by one or more (1-4C)alkanoyl groups (including geminal disubstitution) and/or optionally monosubstituted by cyano, (1-4C)alkoxy, trifluoromethyl, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, phenyl (optionally substituted as for AR1 defined hereinafter), (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>q</sub>- (q is 0, 1 or 2); or, on any but the first carbon atom of the (1-6C)alkyl chain, optionally substituted by one or more groups (including geminal
- 10 disubstitution) each independently selected from hydroxy and fluoro, and/or optionally monosubstituted by oxo, -NRvRw [wherein Rv is hydrogen or (1-4C)alkyl; Rw is hydrogen or (1-4C)alkyl], (1-6C)alkanoylamino, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonylamino, N-(1-4C)alkyl-N-(1-6C)alkanoylamino, (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>p</sub>NH- or (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>p</sub>-((1-4C)alkyl)N- (p is 1 or 2)};
- (*Rc2*) R<sup>13</sup>CO-, R<sup>13</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or R<sup>13</sup>CS-

- 15 wherein R<sup>13</sup> is selected from (Rc2a) to (Rc2d) :-

(*Rc2a*) hydrogen, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, trifluoromethyl and -NRvRw [wherein Rv is hydrogen or (1-4C)alkyl; Rw is hydrogen or (1-4C)alkyl];

(*Rc2b*) (1-10C)alkyl

- {optionally substituted by one or more groups (including geminal disubstitution) each
- 20 independently selected from hydroxy, (1-10C)alkoxy, (1-4C)alkoxy-(1-4C)alkoxy, (1-4C)alkoxy-(1-4C)alkoxy-(1-4C)alkoxy, (1-4C)alkanoyl, carboxy, phosphoryl [-O-P(O)(OH)<sub>2</sub>, and mono- and di-(1-4C)alkoxy derivatives thereof], phosphiryl [-O-P(OH)<sub>2</sub> and mono- and di-(1-4C)alkoxy derivatives thereof], and amino; and/or optionally substituted by one group selected from phosphonate [phosphono, -P(O)(OH)<sub>2</sub>, and mono- and di-(1-4C)alkoxy
- 25 derivatives thereof], phosphinate [-P(OH)<sub>2</sub> and mono- and di-(1-4C)alkoxy derivatives thereof], cyano, halo, trifluoromethyl, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, (1-4C)alkoxy-(1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, (1-4C)alkoxy-(1-4C)alkoxy-(1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, (1-4C)alkylamino, di((1-4C)alkyl)amino, (1-6C)alkanoylamino, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonylamino, N-(1-4C)alkyl-N-(1-6C)alkanoylamino, (1-4C)alkylaminocarbonyl, di((1-4C)alkyl)aminocarbonyl, (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>p</sub>NH-, (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>p</sub>-((1-4C)alkyl)N-, fluoro(1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>p</sub>NH-, fluoro(1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>p</sub>-((1-4C)alkyl)N-, (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>q</sub>- [the (1-4C)alkyl group of (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>q</sub>- being optionally substituted by one substituent selected from hydroxy, (1-4C)alkoxy, (1-4C)alkanoyl, phosphoryl [-O-P(O)(OH)<sub>2</sub>, and mono- and di-(1-4C)alkoxy

derivatives thereof], phosphiryl [-O-P(OH)<sub>2</sub> and mono- and di-(1-4C)alkoxy derivatives thereof], amino, cyano, halo, trifluoromethyl, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, (1-4C)alkoxy-(1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, (1-4C)alkoxy-(1-4C)alkoxy-(1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, carboxy, (1-4C)alkylamino, di((1-4C)alkyl)amino, (1-6C)alkanoylamino, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonylamino, N-  
 5 (1-4C)alkyl-N-(1-6C)alkanoylamino, (1-4C)alkylaminocarbonyl, di((1-4C)alkyl)aminocarbonyl, (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>p</sub>NH-, (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>p</sub>-((1-4C)alkyl)N-, and (1-4C)alkylS(O)<sub>q</sub>-;

(Rc2c) R<sup>14</sup>C(O)O(1-6C)alkyl wherein R<sup>14</sup> is AR1, AR2, (1-4C)alkylamino (the (1-4C)alkyl group being optionally substituted by (1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl or by carboxy), benzyloxy-(1-4C)alkyl or (1-10C)alkyl {optionally substituted as defined for (Rc2b)};

10 (Rc2d) R<sup>15</sup>O- wherein R<sup>15</sup> is benzyl, (1-6C)alkyl {optionally substituted as defined for (Rc2c)} or AR2b;

wherein

AR1 is an optionally substituted phenyl or optionally substituted naphthyl;

15 AR2 is an optionally substituted 5- or 6-membered, fully unsaturated monocyclic heteroaryl ring containing up to four heteroatoms independently selected from O, N and S (but not containing any O-O, O-S or S-S bonds), and linked via a ring carbon atom, or a ring nitrogen atom if the ring is not thereby quaternised;

AR2a is a partially hydrogenated version of AR2, linked via a ring carbon atom or linked via  
 20 a ring nitrogen atom if the ring is not thereby quaternised;

AR2b is a fully hydrogenated version of AR2, linked via a ring carbon atom or linked via a ring nitrogen atom.

2. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 1, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable  
 25 salt or an in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, wherein Q is Q1.

3. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 1 or Claim 2, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or an in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof,  
 wherein -N-HET is 1,2,3-triazol-1-yl or tetrazol-2-yl.

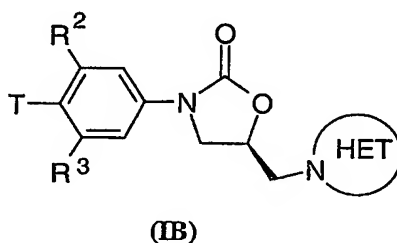
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4. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 3, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or an in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof,  
 wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently hydrogen or fluoro.

5. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 4, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or an in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, wherein T is selected from TAa1, TAa5, TAa7 and TAa8.

5 6. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 5, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or an in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is selected from R<sup>1</sup>a to R<sup>1</sup>d;

7. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 6, which is a  
10 compound of formula (IB) or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or an in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof,



15 wherein -N-HET is 1,2,3-triazol-1-yl or tetrazol-2-yl;

R<sup>1</sup> is (1-4C)alkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently hydrogen or fluoro; and

T is selected from TAa1, TAa5, TAa7 and TAa8.

20 8. A pro-drug of a compound as claimed in any one of the previous claims.

9 A method for producing an antibacterial effect in a warm blooded animal which comprises administering to said animal an effective amount of a compound of the invention as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 7, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt, or pro-drug or in-  
25 vivo hydrolysable ester thereof.

10. A compound of the invention as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 7, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt, or pro-drug or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, for use as a medicament.

11. The use of a compound of the invention as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 7, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt, or pro-drug or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the production of an antibacterial effect in a warm blooded animal.

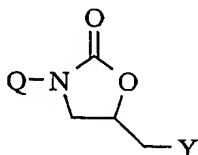
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12. A pharmaceutical composition which comprises a compound of the invention as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 7, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or pro-drug or an in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, and a pharmaceutically-acceptable diluent or carrier.

10 13. A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 1 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts or pro-drug or in-vivo hydrolysable esters thereof, which process comprises one of processes (a) to (g):

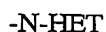
(a) by modifying a substituent in, or introducing a new substituent into, the substituent group Q of another compound of formula (I); or

15 (b) by reaction of a compound of formula (II):



(II)

wherein Y is a displaceable group with a compound of the formula (III):



(III)

20

wherein -N-HET (of formula (Ia) to (If), already substituted and optionally protected) is HN-HET (free-base form) or <sup>-</sup>N-HET anion formed from the free base form; or

(c) by reaction of a compound of the formula (IV):



(IV)

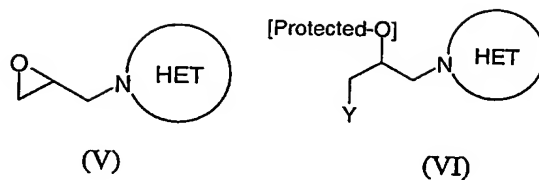
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wherein Z is an isocyanate, amine or urethane group with an epoxide of the formula (V)

wherein the epoxide group serves as a leaving group at the terminal C-atom and as a protected hydroxy group at the internal C-atom; or with a related compound of formula (VI) where the hydroxy group at the internal C-atom is protected and where the leaving group Y at the

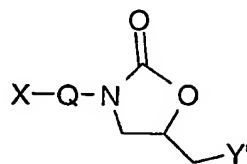
30 terminal C-atom is a leaving group;





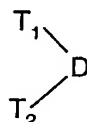
or

(d) (i) by coupling, using catalysis by transition metals, of a compound of formula (VII) :



(VII)

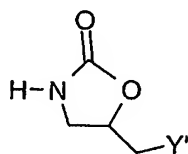
wherein Y' is a group -N-HET as hereinbefore defined, X is a replaceable substituent;  
 with a compound of the formula (VIII), or an analogue thereof, which is suitable to give a T  
 substituent as defined by (TAa1-TAa12) in which the link is via an  $sp^2$  carbon atom (D =  
 10  $CH=C-Lg$  where Lg is a leaving group; or as in the case of reactions carried out under Heck  
 reaction conditions Lg may also be hydrogen)



(VIII)

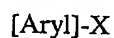
where  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  may be the same or different and comprise a precursor to a ring of type T as  
 15 hereinbefore defined, or  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  may together with D form a ring of type T as hereinbefore  
 defined;

(d) (ii) by coupling, using catalysis by transition metals, of a compound of formula (VIIA):



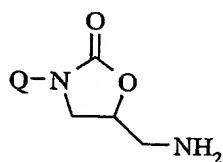
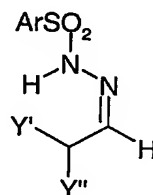
(VIIA)

20 wherein Y' is a group HET as hereinbefore defined, with a compound



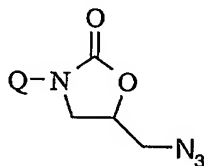
where X is a replaceable substituent;

- (e) Where N-HET is 1,2,3-triazole by cycloaddition via the azide (wherein Y in (II) is azide), with a substituted acetylene or masked acetylene;
- (f) Where N-HET is 1,2,3-triazole by synthesis with a compound of formula (IX), namely the arenesulfonylhydrazone of acetaldehyde, by reaction of a compound of formula (II)
- 5 where Y = NH<sub>2</sub> (primary amine );

(II : Y = NH<sub>2</sub>)

(IX)

- (g) Where N-HET is 1,2,3-triazole by cycloaddition via the azide (wherein Y in (II) is azide) with acetylene using Cu(I) catalysis in to give the N-1,2,3-triazole;

(II : Y = N<sub>3</sub>)

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and thereafter if necessary :

- i) removing any protecting groups;
- ii) forming a pro-drug (for example an in-vivo hydrolysable ester); and/or
- 15 iii) forming a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt.